

MEDICAL QUALITY ASSURANCE MONTHLY RESULTS REPORT

PROJECT DETAILS

Name	Alameda County Sheriff Office – Medical Operations Consulting: Medical Quality Assurance Review		
Sponsor	Lieutenant Joseph Atienza, Contracts Lieutenant	Project Manager	Tami Bond
Project Summary	To provide Medical Quality Assurance (QA) services for the Alameda County Sheriff Office (ACSO) through the performance of Medical QA reviews to evaluate timeliness of care, appropriateness of assessment, treatment, type of Provider and level of care. Additionally, to provide Medical QA recommendations to ACSO leadership.		
Methodology	To provide Medical QA reviews for the reporting period, Mazars performed medical record review of 15 incarcerated individual (patient) files to determine compliance with applicable requirements and community standards for appropriate access, timeliness, and continuity of care delivery for specified high-risk populations. A compliance score less than 95% warrants a Corrective Action Plan (CAP). Areas at risk for non-compliance are also identified. <i>(See Appendix for additional Methodology details)</i>		
Report Date	04/05/24	Reporting Period	7/1 – 7/31/2023

ACTIVITIES PERFORMED BY PROJECT TEAM

- Submitted 2023 June Quality Assurance final report and 2023 December Continuous Quality Improvement (CQI) final report
- Attended weekly scheduled Multi-Disciplinary meetings
- Attended monthly MAC meeting
- Attended monthly Suicide Prevention meeting
- Received and reviewed reports for the reporting period
- Conducted applicable monthly medical record QA and CQI reviews

PROJECT SCHEDULE

- Upcoming On-site Clinical Observation Dates:
 - 3/20 – 3/21/2024 (Dr. Lee; Faith Saporsantos, RN; Tami Bond)
 - 4/17 – 4/18/2024 (Dr. Lee; Faith Saporsantos, RN; Tami Bond)

COMMENDATIONS

- As reported in Wellpath's July 2023 MAC meeting:
 - Completed NCCHC audit
 - Human Resources:
 - Review of recent Physician hires

SUMMARY

For the reporting period of 7/1 – 7/31/2023, Mazars Medical QA review identified opportunities for improvement (Observations) for the Clinical Team (Wellpath) to assure the delivery of quality care focusing on four areas: Alerts and Problems, Specialty and Ongoing Medical Care, Patient Monitoring, and Documentation. Onsite Clinical Observations are also included in this report and include opportunities to improve compliance with quality assurance standards, medical and applicable policies, and/or applicable regulations. Areas at risk for non-compliance, including collaborative management and information sharing across different teams and systems, and adequacy of clinical staffing are also identified.

Areas of Demonstrated Improvement:

- Within this July 2023 report, prior month opportunities for improvement displayed a continued increase in the rate of compliance as evidenced by:

SUMMARY

- i. An increase in compliance rate of 20% or greater for four of the 29 observation categories, to include: Alerts (at intake), Intake/Admission Screening, Safety Cell/Nursing Segregated Population Monitoring (CorEMR Flow Sheets), Inconsistent/Inaccurate/Incomplete/Other Documentation,
- ii. A compliance rate of greater than 95% for three of the 29 observation categories: Delayed Specialty Care, Initiation and Monitoring (IOL, S/A, and/or Event Report; Safety Cell and/or Restraint monitoring)

Areas of Risk:

- Conversely, within this July 2023 report, some areas of opportunity displayed a decrease in the rate of compliance as evidenced by:
 - i. A decrease in compliance rates of 20% or greater for four of the 29 observation categories, to include: Sick Call Timeliness (within 24-hours), Inconsistent Emergency Response Documentation, Suicide Watch Alert/IOL/Level of Care, Scanning: Other Delays and Misses
 - ii. A compliance rate of less than 95% for 26 of the 29 observation categories: Information Inconsistent Across Bookings, Alerts (at intake), Alerts (after intake), Problems (at intake), Problems (after intake), ITR Referrals, Specialty Referrals, Order Execution, Sick Call Timeliness (within 24-hours), Delays and Appropriateness of Ongoing Medical Care, Initial Health Assessment (IHA), Annual Health Assessment, Inconsistent Emergency Response Documentation, Intake/Admission Screening, Suicide Watch Alert/IOL/Level of Care, Safety Cell/Nursing Segregated Population (Delayed or no evidence of monitoring), Restraints (frequency of monitoring), Safety Cell/Nursing Segregated Population Monitoring (CorEMR Flow Sheets), Discontinuation (d/c Safety Cell/ Nursing Segregated Population Monitoring), Translation/Interpreter, Informed Consent, Inconsistent/Inaccurate/Incomplete/Other Documentation, Scanning: Outside Records, Scanning: Medication Refusal Forms, Scanning: Patient Sick Call Request (within 48-hours), Scanning: Other Delays and Misses
 - A compliance rate of 0% for four of the 29 observation categories: Annual Health Assessment, Restraints (frequency of monitoring), Discontinuation (d/c Safety Cell/Nursing Segregated Population Monitoring), Translation/Interpreter
 - Mazars recommends a Corrective Action Plan (CAP) for all compliance scores less than 95% consistent with the observations and recommendations provided. Alignment with applicable CQI activities is best practice
 - iii. Areas at risk for non-compliance that are identified to require collaborative management and information sharing across different teams and systems include: Alerts (after intake), Problems (at intake), Problems (after intake), ITR Referrals, Specialty Referrals, Order Execution, Delayed Specialty Care, Sick Call Timeliness (within 24-hours), Delays and Appropriateness of Ongoing Medical Care, Intake/Admission Screening, Suicide Watch Alert/IOL/Level of Care, Safety Cell/Nursing Segregated Population (Delayed or no evidence of monitoring), Restraints (frequency of monitoring), Initiation and Monitoring (IOL, S/A, and/or Event Report; Safety Cell and/or Restraint monitoring), Safety Cell/Nursing Segregated Population Monitoring (CorEMR Flow Sheets), Discontinuation (d/c Safety Cell/Nursing Segregated Population Monitoring), Translation/Interpreter, Informed Consent, Inconsistent/Inaccurate/Incomplete/Other Documentation, Scanning: Outside Records, Scanning: Medication Refusal Forms
 - iv. Areas at risk for non-compliance that are identified to require clinical staffing management to ensure prescriber and nursing time adequate to meet patient care delivery needs: Order Execution, Delayed Specialty Care, Sick Call Timeliness (within 24-hours), Delays and Appropriateness of Ongoing Medical Care, Initial Health Assessment (IHA), Annual Health Assessment, Intake/Admission Screening, Safety Cell/Nursing Segregated Population (Delayed or no evidence of monitoring), Restraints (frequency of monitoring), Safety Cell/Nursing Segregated Population Monitoring (CorEMR Flow Sheets), Scanning: Medication Refusal Forms

MEDICAL QUALITY ASSURANCE MONTHLY RESULTS REPORT

MEDICAL RECORD REVIEW: RESULTS					
	Prior Month	Current Month			
	Percentage Compliant goal 95%	Files Compliant	Applicable Files Reviewed	Percentage Compliant goal 95%	Details for Non-Compliant Files
1. Problems & Alerts					
1.1. Information Inconsistent Across Bookings	70.0% (7/10)	6	10	60.0% (6/10)	4 of 10 files non-compliant: <u>Patient 1:</u> "Antisocial Personality Disorder," "Impulse Control Disorder," "Malingering" <u>Patient 2:</u> "Autism," "Attention-Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder," "Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder" <u>Patient 7:</u> "Hearing Loss Right Ear" <u>Patient 9:</u> "Schizophrenia"
1.2. Alerts (at intake)	33.3% (5/15)	11	15	73.3% (11/15)	4 of 15 files non-compliant: <u>Patient 5:</u> "COWS" <u>Patient 9:</u> "COWS" <u>Patient 10:</u> "Lower Bunk Restriction – Mobility Impairment, Physical Limitation, Left Lower Extremity" <u>Patient 11:</u> "CIWA," "COWS"
1.3. Alerts (after intake)	8.3% (1/12)	2	10	20.0% (2/10)	8 of 10 files non-compliant: <u>Patient 2:</u> "Palming/Cheeking/Hoarding Pills," "Hunger Strike" <u>Patient 3:</u> "Lower Bunk Restriction – Bilateral Sprained Wrists" <u>Patient 4:</u> "Palming/Cheeking/Hoarding Pills" <u>Patient 8:</u> "Medical Isolation – Latent Tuberculosis Infection," "Lower Level/Lower Bunk Restriction – Physical Limitation, Left Upper Extremity Fracture," "ADA/Supportive Needs – Brace" <u>Patient 12:</u> "Lower Level/Lower Bunk Restriction – Mobility Impairment," "ADA/Supportive Needs – Brace," "Palming/Cheeking/Hoarding Pills" <u>Patient 13:</u> "COWS," "Lower Bunk Restriction – Left Upper Extremity Fracture," "Palming/Cheeking/Hoarding Pills" <u>Patient 14:</u> "Medical Isolation – COVID-19" <u>Patient 15:</u> "ADA/Supportive Needs" <u>Risk for non-compliance:</u> *Requires collaborative management and information sharing across different teams and systems
1.4. Problems (at intake)	33.3% (4/12)	5	14	35.7% (5/14)	9 of 14 files non-compliant: <u>Patient 1:</u> "Developmental Disability," "Anxiety," "Depression," "Bipolar Disorder," "Schizophrenia" <u>Patient 2:</u> "Anxiety," "Bipolar Disorder" <u>Patient 3:</u> "Self-Harm Behavior/Self-Injury Disorder" <u>Patient 4:</u> "Borderline Personality Disorder, Psychotic" <u>Patient 5:</u> None listed. "Hypertension," "Seizure Disorder," "Polysubstance Use," "Acute Infection Female Upper Reproductive Tract,"

MEDICAL RECORD REVIEW: RESULTS

	Prior Month	Current Month			
	Percentage Compliant goal 95%	Files Compliant	Applicable Files Reviewed	Percentage Compliant goal 95%	Details for Non-Compliant Files
					Bladder Inflammation," "Schizophrenia," "Attention-Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder," "Dyslexia" <u>Patient 6:</u> "Methamphetamine Use," "Adjustment Disorder" <u>Patient 9:</u> "Schizophrenia," "Major Depressive Disorder" <u>Patient 12:</u> "Asthma" <u>Patient 14:</u> "Attention-Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder" <u>Risk for non-compliance:</u> *Requires collaborative management and information sharing across different teams and systems
1.5. Problems (after intake)	0.0% (0/13)	1	15	6.7% (1/15)	14 of 15 files non-compliant: <u>Patient 1:</u> "Self-Harm Behavior/Self-Injury Disorder," "Gonorrhea," "Early Latent Syphilis," "Adjustment Reaction," "Person Feigning Illness" <u>Patient 2:</u> "Self-Harm Behavior/Self-Injury Disorder" <u>Patient 3:</u> "Bilateral Sprained Wrists" <u>Patient 5:</u> None listed. "Self-Harm Behavior/Self-Injury Disorder" <u>Patient 6:</u> "Self-Harm Behavior/Self-Injury Disorder," "Hypertension," "Onychomycosis," "Unspecific Schizophrenia Spectrum," "Psychotic Disorder" <u>Patient 7:</u> "Self-Harm Behavior/Self-Injury Disorder" <u>Patient 8:</u> "Latent Tuberculosis Infection," "Anemia," "Asthma," "Hypertension," "Hyperlipidemia," "Acute Left Upper Extremity Fracture," "Depression," "Bipolar Disorder," "Schizoaffective Disorder" <u>Patient 9:</u> "Tonsillitis" <u>Patient 10:</u> "Left Lower Extremity Cellulitis" <u>Patient 11:</u> "Right Eye Injury Cornea Abrasion," "Acute Nasal Bone Fracture" <u>Patient 12:</u> "Gastroesophageal Reflux Disease," "Attention-Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder," "Bipolar Disorder" <u>Patient 13:</u> "Chronic Pain – Neck, Lower Back" <u>Patient 14:</u> "Blind Right Eye," "COVID-19," "Peripheral Neuropathy," "Osteomyelitis Right Lower Extremity s/p Right 5 th Ray Amputation," "Pulpal Necrosis," "Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder" <u>Patient 15:</u> "Cataract," "Hemodialysis Catheter Dysfunction" <u>Risk for non-compliance:</u> *Requires collaborative management and information sharing across different teams and systems

MEDICAL RECORD REVIEW: RESULTS

	Prior Month	Current Month			
	Percentage Compliant goal 95%	Files Compliant	Applicable Files Reviewed	Percentage Compliant goal 95%	Details for Non-Compliant Files
2. Specialty & Ongoing Care					
2.1. ITR Referrals	33.3% (5/15)	5	15	33.3% (5/15)	10 of 15 files non-compliant: <u>Patient 1:</u> "Mental Health" (Emergent) <u>Patient 2:</u> "Medical" (Emergent), "Mental Health" (Emergent) <u>Patient 4:</u> "Discharge Planner" (Routine) <u>Patient 5:</u> "Mental Health" (Emergent) <u>Patient 7:</u> "Mental Health" (Emergent) <u>Patient 8:</u> "Mental Health" (Emergent) <u>Patient 9:</u> "Medical" (Emergent), "Discharge Planner" (Routine) <u>Patient 10:</u> "Medical" (Urgent) <u>Patient 13:</u> "Dental" (Routine) <u>Patient 15:</u> "Chronic Care" (Routine) <u>Risk for non-compliance:</u> *Requires collaborative management and information sharing across different teams and systems
2.2. Specialty Referrals	88.9% (8/9)	11	13	84.6% (11/13)	2 of 13 files non-compliant: <u>Patient 1:</u> "HIV Provider" <u>Patient 5:</u> "MAT" <u>Risk for non-compliance:</u> *Requires collaborative management and information sharing across different teams and systems
2.3. Order Execution	35.7% (5/14)	7	15	46.7% (7/15)	8 of 15 files non-compliant: <u>Patient 1:</u> "Flow Sheets – Patient Monitoring for Synthetic Drug, COWS" inconsistent monitoring executed as ordered <u>Patient 2:</u> "Flow Sheets – Patient Monitoring for Synthetic Drug, CIWA, COWS" inconsistent monitoring executed as ordered <u>Patient 5:</u> "Flow Sheets – Patient Monitoring for Synthetic Drug, COWS" inconsistent monitoring executed as ordered <u>Patient 9:</u> "Flow Sheets – Patient Monitoring for Synthetic Drug, COWS" inconsistent monitoring executed as ordered <u>Patient 10:</u> "Flow Sheets – Patient Monitoring for Synthetic Drug, COWS" inconsistent monitoring executed as ordered <u>Patient 11:</u> "Flow Sheets – Patient Monitoring for Synthetic Drug, CIWA" inconsistent monitoring executed as ordered <u>Patient 13:</u> "Flow Sheets – Patient Monitoring for COWS" inconsistent monitoring executed as ordered <u>Patient 14:</u> "Flow Sheets – Patient Monitoring for Wound Care" inconsistent monitoring executed as ordered <u>Risk for non-compliance:</u> <u>Patient 13:</u> Inconsistent standard of practice for medically necessary orders (i.e., Bob Barker (Velcro) shoes)

MEDICAL RECORD REVIEW: RESULTS

	Prior Month	Current Month			
	Percentage Compliant goal 95%	Files Compliant	Applicable Files Reviewed	Percentage Compliant goal 95%	Details for Non-Compliant Files
					*Requires collaborative management and information sharing across different teams and systems *Requires clinical staffing management to ensure prescriber time adequate to meet patient specialty care delivery needs
2.4. Delayed Specialty Care	100.0% (13/13)	12	12	100.0% (12/12)	Compliant <u>Risk for non-compliance:</u> <u>Patients 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14:</u> Multiple "Mental Health" referrals with no visibility of consultation completion and outcome *Requires collaborative management and information sharing across different teams and systems *Requires clinical staffing management to ensure prescriber time adequate to meet patient specialty care delivery needs
2.5. Sick Call Timeliness (within 24-hours)	40.0% (4/10)	1	10	10.0% (1/10)	9 of 10 patients with Sick Call Requests > or = 50% with "Nursing Assessment(s)" performed beyond the required 24-hours from initial receipt. Limited patient Sick Call Request review to 100 for each patient, as applicable <u>Patient 1:</u> (x2 of 2) Nursing Assessments performed beyond 24-hours from initial receipt of patient Sick Call Request <u>Patient 2:</u> (x5 of 7) Nursing Assessments performed beyond 24-hours from initial receipt of patient Sick Call Request <u>Patient 3:</u> (x9 of 12) Nursing Assessments performed beyond 24-hours from initial receipt of patient Sick Call Request <u>Patient 6:</u> (x4 of 4) Nursing Assessments performed beyond 24-hours from initial receipt of patient Sick Call Request <u>Patient 8:</u> (x8 of 8) Nursing Assessments performed beyond 24-hours from initial receipt of patient Sick Call Request <u>Patient 10:</u> (x4 of 5) Nursing Assessments performed beyond 24-hours from initial receipt of patient Sick Call Request <u>Patient 12:</u> (x4 of 6) Nursing Assessments performed beyond 24-hours from initial receipt of patient Sick Call Request <u>Patient 13:</u> (x21 of 23) Nursing Assessments performed beyond 24-hours from initial receipt of patient Sick Call Request <u>Patient 14:</u> (x11 of 15) Nursing Assessments performed beyond 24-hours from initial receipt of patient Sick Call Request <u>Risk for non-compliance:</u> *Requires collaborative management and information sharing across different teams and systems

MEDICAL RECORD REVIEW: RESULTS

	Prior Month	Current Month			
	Percentage Compliant goal 95%	Files Compliant	Applicable Files Reviewed	Percentage Compliant goal 95%	Details for Non-Compliant Files
					*Requires clinical staffing management to ensure prescriber and nursing time adequate to meet patient care delivery needs
2.6. Delays and Appropriateness of Ongoing Medical Care	60.0% (9/15)	11	15	73.3% (11/15)	4 of 15 files non-compliant: <u>Patient 3</u> : No evidence assessment s/p 242 use of force; Inconsistent chronic medication order and administration <u>Patient 7</u> : No evidence assessment s/p 242 use of force; "Discharge Planner" incomplete prior to release <u>Patient 10</u> : "MAT Program," "Discharge Planner" incomplete prior to release <u>Patient 11</u> : No evidence chronic hypertension medication order and administration (LOSARTAN) <u>Risk for non-compliance</u> : *Requires collaborative management and information sharing across different teams and systems *Requires clinical staffing management to ensure prescriber and nursing time adequate to meet patient care delivery needs
2.7. Initial Health Assessment (IHA)	26.7% (4/15)	2	13	15.4% (2/13)	11 of 13 files non-compliant: <u>Patients 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 12, 13</u> : No evidence of IHA. "Not Started" with no evidence or untimely scanning of related patient refusal <u>Patients 14, 15</u> : IHA performed beyond required 14-calendar days of patient's Book-In <u>Risk for non-compliance</u> : *Requires clinical staffing management to ensure prescriber and nursing time adequate to meet patient care delivery needs
2.8. Annual Health Assessment	0.0% (0/3)	0	2	0.0% (0/2)	2 of 2 files non-compliant: <u>Patients 12, 13</u> : No evidence of IHA performed by 2nd anniversary from Book-In date. Status "Not Started" with no evidence or untimely scanning of related patient refusal <u>Risk for non-compliance</u> : *Requires clinical staffing management to ensure prescriber and nursing time adequate to meet patient care delivery needs
2.9. Inconsistent Emergency Response Documentation	100.0% (2/2)	3	4	75.0% (3/4)	1 of 4 files non-compliant: <u>Patient 1</u> : Inconsistent documentation of Emergency Response for emergency response event, swallowed foreign object with complaints of chest pain, code 3
2.9.1. Emergency Response Medication and MAR Reconciliation	NA	NA	NA	NA	<i>Not applicable to any patients in sample</i>
2.10. Intake/ Admission Screening	60.0% (9/15)	12	15	80.0% (12/15)	3 of 15 files non-compliant: <u>Patients 3, 8, 15</u> : Receiving Screening/Abbreviated Receiving Screening

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	Prior Month	Current Month			
	Percentage Compliant goal 95%	Files Compliant	Applicable Files Reviewed	Percentage Compliant goal 95%	Details for Non-Compliant Files
					completed beyond 8-hours from applicable Book-In time <u>Risk for non-compliance:</u> *Requires collaborative management and information sharing across different teams and systems *Requires clinical staffing management to ensure nursing time adequate to meet patient care delivery needs
3. Patient Monitoring					
3.1. Suicide Watch Alert/IOL/Level of Care	55.6% (5/9)	3	10	30.0% (3/10)	7 of 10 files non-compliant: <u>Patient 1:</u> "Suicide Watch" for Suicidal Ideation, Suicide Attempt <u>Patient 2:</u> "Suicide Watch" for Suicidal Ideation, Suicide Attempt <u>Patient 5:</u> "Suicide Watch" for Suicide Attempt <u>Patient 6:</u> "Suicide Watch" for Suicidal Ideation <u>Patient 7:</u> "Suicide Watch" for Suicidal Ideation <u>Patient 8:</u> "Suicide Watch" for Suicidal Ideation <u>Patient 10:</u> "Suicide Watch" for Suicidal Ideation <u>Risk for non-compliance:</u> <u>Patients 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11:</u> Inconsistent use of "Suicide Watch" and/or "IOL" Alerts with "Sobering/Safety/Restraints" or "Nursing Segregated Population Rounding Log" Flow Sheets (policies 8.12; 8.13; HCD-110_G02) *Requires consistent formalized processes with corresponding Alerts, collaborative management, and information sharing across different teams and systems
3.2. Safety Cell/Nursing Segregated Population (Delayed or no evidence of monitoring)	20.0% (2/10)	2	8	25.0% (2/8)	6 of 8 files non-compliant: <u>Patient 2:</u> Delayed Nursing Segregated Population Rounding Log for Suicide Attempt, Suicide Watch, Suicide History <u>Patient 6:</u> No evidence Nursing Segregated Population Rounding Logs for Suicidal Ideation <u>Patient 7:</u> No evidence Nursing Segregated Population Rounding Logs for Suicidal Ideation <u>Patient 8:</u> No evidence Nursing Segregated Population Rounding Logs for Suicidal Ideation <u>Patient 10:</u> No evidence Nursing Segregated Population Rounding Logs for Suicidal Ideation <u>Patient 11:</u> No evidence Nursing Segregated Population Rounding Logs for Suicide History <u>Risk for non-compliance:</u> <u>Patients 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12:</u> Inconsistent initiation of "Sobering/Safety/Restraints" or "Nursing Segregated Population Rounding Log" Flow Sheets *Requires consistent formalized processes, collaborative management, and information sharing across different teams and systems *Requires clinical staffing management to ensure prescriber and nursing time adequate to meet patient care delivery needs

MEDICAL RECORD REVIEW: RESULTS

	Prior Month	Current Month			
	Percentage Compliant goal 95%	Files Compliant	Applicable Files Reviewed	Percentage Compliant goal 95%	Details for Non-Compliant Files
3.3. Restraints (frequency of monitoring)	0.0% (0/1)	0	1	0.0% (0/1)	1 of 1 file non-compliant: <u>Patient 5:</u> Patient "Sobering/Safety/Restraints" Flowsheets inconsistently documented every 1 hour (HCD-110_G02) <u>Risk for non-compliance:</u> *Requires consistent formalized processes, collaborative management, and information sharing across different teams and systems *Requires clinical staffing management to ensure prescriber and nursing time adequate to meet patient care delivery needs
3.4. Initiation and Monitoring (IOL, S/A, and/or Event Report; Safety Cell and/or Restraint monitoring)	100.0% (5/5)	9	9	100.0% (9/9)	Compliant <u>Risk for non-compliance:</u> <u>Patient 7, 12:</u> Inconsistent information across different systems *Requires consistent formalized processes, collaborative management, and information sharing across different teams and systems
3.5. Safety Cell/ Nursing Segregated Population Monitoring (CorEMR Flow Sheets)	0.0% (0/3)	1	3	33.3% (1/3)	2 of 3 files non-compliant: <u>Patients 3, 12:</u> Patient "Nursing Segregated Population Rounding Log" Flowsheets inconsistently documented every 72 hours (3 days) (HCD-110_G02) <u>Risk for non-compliance:</u> <u>Patients 3, 12:</u> Inconsistent use of "Sobering/Safety/Restraints" or "Nursing Segregated Population Rounding Log" Flow Sheets *Requires consistent formalized processes, collaborative management, and information sharing across different teams and systems *Requires clinical staffing management to ensure prescriber and nursing time sufficient to meet patient care delivery needs
3.6. Discontinuation (d/c Safety Cell/Nursing Segregated Population Monitoring)	0.0% (0/3)	0	4	0.0% (0/4)	4 of 4 files non-compliant: <u>Patients 1, 3, 5, 12:</u> Inconsistent patient monitoring "Discontinuation (d/c)" documentation <u>Risk for non-compliance:</u> *Requires consistent formalized processes, collaborative management, and information sharing across different teams and systems
4. Documentation / Medical Record Management					
4.1. Translation/ Interpreter	0.0% (0/3)	0	1	0.0% (0/1)	1 of 1 files non-compliant: <u>Patient 13:</u> Inconsistent documentation of required "Interpreter/Language Line" offered/used for non-English speaking patient <u>Risk for non-compliance:</u> *Requires consistent formalized processes, collaborative management, and information sharing across different teams and systems

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	Prior Month	Current Month			
	Percentage Compliant goal 95%	Files Compliant	Applicable Files Reviewed	Percentage Compliant goal 95%	Details for Non-Compliant Files
4.2. Informed Consent	93.3% (14/15)	14	15	93.3% (14/15)	1 of 15 files non-compliant: <u>Patient 11:</u> Incomplete informed consent form <u>Risk for non-compliance:</u> <u>Patients 1, 6:</u> Developmental Disability <u>Patient 2:</u> Autism *Requires consistent formalized processes, collaborative management, and information sharing across different teams and systems
4.3. Inconsistent/Inaccurate/Incomplete/Other Documentation	33.3% (3/9)	10	12	83.3% (10/12)	2 of 12 files non-compliant: <u>Patient 1:</u> Inconsistent documentation of "Return from Off-Site Medical Care" for emergent transfer <u>Patient 5:</u> Inconsistent documentation of "Return from Off-Site Medical Care" for emergent transfer <u>Risk for non-compliance:</u> <u>Patient 7:</u> Inconsistent "Return from Off-Site Medical Care" documentation *Requires collaborative management and information sharing across different teams and systems
4.4. Scanning: Outside Records	62.5% (5/8)	8	12	66.7% (8/12)	4 of 12 files non-compliant: <u>Patients 2, 5, 6, 14:</u> Inconsistent scanning of "Outside Records" for emergent patient Transport/Admission events <u>Risk for non-compliance:</u> *Requires collaborative management and information sharing across different teams and systems
4.5. Scanning: Medication Refusal Forms	20.0% (1/5)	1	11	9.1% (1/11)	10 of 11 files non-compliant: Inconsistent "Medication Refusal" forms for scheduled medication(s) on multiple dates as required per policy requirements (HCD-110_G-05) and inconsistency with refusal details documented on MAR ("Deputy body camera") <u>Patient 1:</u> ACETAMINOPHEN (TYLENOL), ALBUTEROL HFA, DIPHENHYDRAMINE (BENADRYL), HYDROXYZINE (VISTARIL), OLANZAPINE, OXCARBAZEPINE <u>Patient 2:</u> DIAZEPAM (VALIUM), CHLORPROMAZINE HCL <u>Patient 3:</u> RISPERIDONE (RISPERDAL), ZIPRASIDONE (GEODON) <u>Patient 5:</u> DOXYCYCLINE MONOHYDRATE, MECLIZINE HCL U/D, METRONIDAZOLE, NITROFURANTOIN MONOHYD MACRO <u>Patient 7:</u> OLANZAPINE (ZYPREXA), HYDROXYZINE PAMOATE <u>Patient 8:</u> ATORVASTATIN (LIPITOR), BENADRYL ALLERGY, INSULIN GLARGINE, INSULIN REGULAR HUMAN, LOSARTAN POTASSIUM, METFORMIN, RISPERIDONE <u>Patient 10:</u> CLINDAMYCIN HCL, DIPHENHYDRAMINE (BENADRYL), OLANZAPINE ODT

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	Percentage Compliant goal 95%	Files Compliant	Applicable Files Reviewed	Percentage Compliant goal 95%	Details for Non-Compliant Files
					<p><u>Patient 11:</u> DSS (COLACE), LOSARTAN (COZAAR), PANTOPRAZOLE SODIUM, OLANZAPINE, SULFAMETHOXAZOLE-TMP DS</p> <p><u>Patient 12:</u> APIPRAZOLE (ABILIFY), TRAZADONE HCL, DIPHENHYDRAMINE (BENADRYL), FAMOTIDINE</p> <p><u>Patient 14:</u> ATORVASTATIN (LIPITOR), HUMULIN INSULIN, INSULIN GLARGINE, LISINOPRIL, GABAPENTIN, METFORMIN HCL</p> <p><u>Risk for non-compliance:</u> *Requires collaborative management and information sharing across different teams and systems *Requires clinical staffing management to ensure prescriber time adequate to meet patient specialty care delivery needs</p>
4.6. Scanning: Patient Sick Call Request (within 48-hours)	40.0% (4/10)	4	10	40.0% (4/10)	<p>6 of 10 patients with patient Sick Call Request(s) > or = 50% scanned beyond the required 48-hours.</p> <p><u>Patient 2:</u> (x6 of 7) Patient Sick Call Requests scanned beyond 48-hours</p> <p><u>Patient 3:</u> (x7 of 12) Patient Sick Call Requests scanned beyond 48-hours</p> <p><u>Patient 6:</u> (x3 of 4) Patient Sick Call Requests scanned beyond 48-hours</p> <p><u>Patient 8:</u> (x5 of 8) Patient Sick Call Requests scanned beyond 48-hours</p> <p><u>Patient 12:</u> (x4 of 6) Patient Sick Call Requests scanned beyond 48-hours</p> <p><u>Patient 13:</u> (x17 of 23) Patient Sick Call Requests scanned beyond 48-hours</p>
4.7. Scanning: Other Delays and Misses	60.0% (9/15)	4	14	28.6% (4/14)	<p>10 of 14 files non-compliant:</p> <p><u>Patient 3:</u> Inconsistent patient refusals for Clinical Services – Medical assessment</p> <p><u>Patient 4:</u> Inconsistent patient refusals for Clinical Services – Medical assessment, wound care</p> <p><u>Patient 5:</u> Inconsistent patient refusals for Clinical Services – Medical assessment</p> <p><u>Patient 7:</u> Inconsistent patient refusals for Clinical Services – Medical assessment, wellness check, lice check</p> <p><u>Patient 8:</u> Inconsistent patient refusals for Clinical Services – Medical assessment, CRIC, vital signs, COVID-19 testing</p> <p><u>Patient 9:</u> Inconsistent patient refusals for Clinical Services – Blood pressure checks, urine toxicology</p> <p><u>Patient 10:</u> Inconsistent patient refusals for Clinical Services – Medical assessment, vital signs, wound care</p>

MEDICAL RECORD REVIEW: RESULTS

	Prior Month	Current Month			
	Percentage Compliant goal 95%	Files Compliant	Applicable Files Reviewed	Percentage Compliant goal 95%	Details for Non-Compliant Files
					<u>Patient 11</u> : Inconsistent patient refusals for Clinical Services – Medical assessment, vital signs, PPD <u>Patient 13</u> : Inconsistent patient refusals for Clinical Services – Medical assessment <u>Patient 14</u> : Inconsistent patient refusals for Clinical Services – Wound care

**Refer to page 28 for #5. On-site Clinical Visit: Observations and Recommendations.

MEDICAL RECORD REVIEW: OBSERVATIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS DETAILS

1. Problems & Alerts

<p>1.1. Information Inconsistent Across Bookings</p>	<p><u>Observation:</u> Relevant clinical information was inconsistently documented from one booking to another for some of the applicable patient files reviewed. Consistent documentation of historical and current relevant clinical information, including "Hearing loss right ear," "Schizophrenia," that necessitate specific Alert(s)/precautions, will help mitigate risk for inadequate care and patient injury and/or harm.</p> <p><u>Recommendation:</u></p> <p>Process:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Continue Improvement Plan implementation to enhance ITR process by requiring that diagnoses and clinically indicated Alerts, Problems, are documented from one booking to another Develop and implement workflow checklists to help mitigate documentation gaps Continue to provide focused staff training and education specific to assuring accurate intake documentation for early evaluation to provide appropriate services and define individual care plans Continue to hold Clinicians accountable for reconciling documentation from previous bookings and bridging the gap around CorEMR system limitations, as applicable Continue to perform ongoing auditing and monitoring of Alerts and Problems reconciliation from prior bookings. Report results of auditing and monitoring to the ACSO <p>Technology:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To eliminate clinically relevant information gaps and help mitigate human error from manual entry, work closely with Wellpath Corporate IT to submit relevant change requests timely to configure existing CorEMR modules and controls Implement enhanced data integration solution(s) for bidirectional information sharing across applicable systems beyond current interfaces, between Wellpath medical (CorEMR), ACSO corrections (ATIMS), Adult Forensic Behavioral Health (AFBH) behavioral health (Gateway), and Maxor pharmacy (Guardian)
<p>1.2. Alerts (at intake)</p>	<p><u>Observation:</u> While there continues to be improvement from the prior month, after the ITR Receiving Screening form(s) were completed by the Clinician/Nurse, applicable clinically indicated Alerts were not consistently listed or up to date for some of the applicable patient files reviewed. In these instances, highly relevant Receiving Screening documentation, such as, "COWS," "Lower Tier/Lower Bunk Restriction – Mobility Impairment, Physical Limitation," were not listed appropriately in the CorEMR Alerts section. Without complete, up to date, and accurate documentation of Alerts, there is an increased risk that the appropriate safety precautions will not occur, which could cause inadequate care, inappropriate care, delayed care, and result in patient injury and/or harm.</p> <p><u>Recommendation:</u></p> <p>Process:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Continue Improvement Plan implementation to enhance ITR process by requiring the inclusion of all clinically indicated Alerts, including reported Allergies, identified in the initial assessment Develop and implement workflow checklists and standardized practices Provide additional focused staff training and education specific to assuring clinically indicated Alerts are accurate to assure the appropriate precautions are made and further define individual care plans Hold Clinicians accountable for the identification and documentation of all Alerts Perform ongoing auditing and monitoring of the documentation of Alerts. Report results of auditing and monitoring to the ACSO <p>Technology:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To eliminate clinically relevant information gaps and help mitigate human error from manual entry, work closely with Wellpath Corporate IT to submit relevant change requests timely to configure existing CorEMR modules and controls Implement enhanced data integration solution(s) for bidirectional information sharing across applicable systems beyond current interfaces, between Wellpath medical (CorEMR), ACSO corrections (ATIMS), AFBH behavioral health (Gateway), and Maxor pharmacy (Guardian) Automate/trigger flags within CorEMR from Receiving Screening form
<p>1.3. Alerts (after intake)</p>	<p><u>Observation:</u> While there continues to be improvement from the prior month, clinically indicated Alerts were inconsistently added throughout the booking for some of the applicable patient files reviewed. In these instances, supporting documentation necessitating an Alert,</p>

MEDICAL RECORD REVIEW: OBSERVATIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS DETAILS

	<p>such as Problems, Diagnoses, and ATIMS Medical Alerts were noted. However, the corresponding and clinically indicated Alerts such as “ADA/Supportive Needs,” “Lower Level/Lower Bunk Restriction – Mobility Impairment, Physical Limitation,” “Medical Isolation – COVID-19, Latent Tuberculosis Infection,” “Palming/Cheeking/Hoarding Pills,” were not listed or updated appropriately. Without complete, up to date, and accurate documentation of Alerts, including highly relevant Allergies, there is an increased risk that the appropriate safety precautions will not occur, which could cause inadequate care, inappropriate care, delayed care, and result in patient injury and/or harm.</p> <p><u>Recommendation:</u></p> <p>Process:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Continue Improvement Plan implementation to enhance the Alerts documentation process in CorEMR by requiring the inclusion of all identified clinically indicated Alerts throughout the patient booking and updated accordingly • Develop and implement workflow checklists and standardized practices • Provide additional focused staff training and education specific to assuring clinically indicated Alerts are accurate and updated to assure the appropriate precautions are made and care plans are individualized • Hold Clinicians accountable for the identification and documentation of Alerts • Perform ongoing auditing and monitoring of the documentation of Alerts. Report results of auditing and monitoring to the ACSO • Continue multi-disciplinary partnerships to improve care coordination: Wellpath medical, ACSO corrections, AFBH behavioral health, and Maxor pharmacy, to uniformly manage and share information across teams and systems <p>Technology:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To eliminate clinically relevant information gaps and help mitigate human error from manual entry, work closely with Wellpath Corporate IT to submit relevant change requests timely to configure existing CorEMR modules and controls, and add new relevant Alerts to list options, including but not limited to “Non-compliant,” “Nursing Segregation Log Monitoring” • Implement enhanced data integration solution(s) for bidirectional information sharing across applicable systems beyond current interfaces, between Wellpath medical (CorEMR), ACSO corrections (ATIMS), AFBH behavioral health (Gateway), and Maxor pharmacy (Guardian) • Automate/trigger flags within CorEMR from Sick Call forms
<p>1.4. Problems (at intake)</p>	<p><u>Observation:</u> While there continues to be improvement from the prior month, after the ITR Receiving Screening form(s) were completed by the Clinician/Nurse, applicable Problem Lists were not consistently started, completed, or up to date for some of the applicable patient files reviewed. In these instances, supporting Receiving Screening documentation, including clinically relevant chronic diseases, such as “Asthma,” “Hypertension,” “Acute Infection Female Upper Reproductive Tract, Bladder Inflammation,” “Polysubstance Abuse,” “Self-Harm Behavior/Self-Injury Disorder,” were not initially listed on the Problem List; some were missing or documented later throughout the patient’s booking. Care coordination and collaborative management across the different teams during the intake process is required, to assure all patient problems, including medical and behavioral health, are identified, and managed appropriately. Without a complete and accurate Problem List at the initial encounter, there is an increased risk for inadequate care, inappropriate care, delayed care, and result in patient injury and/or harm.</p> <p><u>Recommendation:</u></p> <p>Process:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Continue Improvement Plan implementation to enhance ITR process, in collaboration with AFBH behavioral health, by requiring the inclusion of all identified Problems within all relevant intake screening form(s), including but not limited to the Receiving Screening, Initial Health History and Physical Exam forms, hospital Discharge Summary, as applicable • Develop and implement workflow checklists and standardized practices (i.e., risks, chronic and/or new diagnoses, pathophysiological states, potentially significant abnormal physical signs and laboratory findings, disabilities, and/or unusual conditions), and include relevant clinical information from scanned AFBH Screener • Provide additional focused staff training and education specific to assuring Problems are accurate to assure the appropriate care plan is individualized and implemented

MEDICAL RECORD REVIEW: OBSERVATIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS DETAILS

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold Clinicians accountable for the identification and documentation of Problems, and reconciling chronic Problems • Perform ongoing auditing and monitoring of the documentation of Problems. Consider including in existing Provider chart review process. Report results of auditing and monitoring to the ACSO • Continue multi-disciplinary partnerships to improve care coordination: Wellpath medical, ACSO corrections, AFBH behavioral health, and Maxor pharmacy, to uniformly manage and share information across teams and systems <p>Technology:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Implement enhanced data integration solution(s) for bidirectional information sharing across applicable systems beyond current interfaces, between Wellpath medical (CorEMR), ACSO corrections (ATIMS), AFBH behavioral health (Gateway), and Maxor pharmacy (Guardian) • Automate/trigger tasks within CorEMR from Receiving Screening form
<p>1.5. Problems (after intake)</p>	<p><u>Observation:</u> While there continues to be improvement from the prior month, Problem Lists were not consistently updated throughout the patient booking for all the applicable patient files reviewed. In these instances, supporting documentation such as Diagnoses were noted. However, the corresponding and applicable Problem(s) were not consistently reconciled on the Problem List appropriately, such as “Anemia,” “Asthma,” “Cellulitis,” “COVID-19,” “Syphilis,” “Gonorrhea,” “Hyperlipidemia,” “Hypertension,” “Osteomyelitis,” “Upper Extremity Fracture,” “Tonsillitis,” Care coordination and collaborative management across the different teams throughout the patient’s incarceration is required to assure all patient problems, including medical and behavioral health, are identified, and managed appropriately. Without a complete and accurate Problem List identified and documented throughout the patient booking, there is an increased risk for inadequate care, inappropriate care, delayed care, and result in patient injury and/or harm.</p> <p><u>Recommendation:</u></p> <p>Process:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Continue Improvement Plan implementation, in collaboration with AFBH behavioral health, to enhance the Problems documentation process in CorEMR by requiring the inclusion of all identified Problems throughout the patient booking is documented and updated accordingly • Develop and implement workflow checklists and standardized practices (i.e., chronic and/or new diagnoses, pathophysiological states, potentially significant abnormal physical signs and laboratory findings, disabilities, and/or unusual conditions), and include relevant clinical information from outside hospital medical clearance/discharge summaries • Provide additional focused staff training and education specific to assuring Problems are accurate and updated to assure the appropriate care plan is individualized and in place • Hold Clinicians accountable for the identification, reconciliation, and documentation of Problems • Perform ongoing auditing and monitoring of the documentation of Problems. Consider including in existing Provider chart review process. Report results of auditing and monitoring to the ACSO • Continue multi-disciplinary partnerships to improve care coordination: Wellpath medical, ACSO corrections, AFBH behavioral health, and Maxor pharmacy, to uniformly manage and share information across teams and systems <p>Technology:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To eliminate clinically relevant information gaps and help mitigate human error from manual entry, work closely with Wellpath Corporate IT to submit relevant change requests timely to configure existing CorEMR modules and controls • Implement enhanced data integration solution(s) for bidirectional information sharing across applicable systems beyond current interfaces, between Wellpath medical (CorEMR), ACSO corrections (ATIMS), AFBH behavioral health (Gateway), and Maxor pharmacy (Guardian) • Automate/trigger tasks within CorEMR from Sick Call forms
<p>2. Specialty & Ongoing Care</p>	
<p>2.1. ITR Referrals</p>	<p><u>Observation:</u> ITR Specialty Care referral(s) were not consistently selected, such as “Medical” (Emergent, Urgent), “Mental Health” (Emergent), “Chronic Care” (Routine), “Discharge</p>

MEDICAL RECORD REVIEW: OBSERVATIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS DETAILS

	<p>Planner” (Routine), “Dental” (Routine) ,during the intake screening process for most of the applicable patient files reviewed. Inconsistency in the identification of appropriate and timely Specialty Referral needs at intake increases the risk of inadequate care, inappropriate care, delayed care, and/or uncoordinated care, which could disrupt care coordination while incarcerated and the patient’s re-entry into the community, and negatively impact patient outcome(s) and result in patient injury and/or harm.</p> <p><u>Recommendation:</u></p> <p>Process:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Continue Improvement Plan implementation to enhance the ITR process, in collaboration with AFBH behavioral health, by requiring the selection and documentation of the appropriate Specialty Care Referral(s) and triage (priority) level • Provide additional focused staff training and education to assure appropriate services are provided and define individual care plans • Hold Clinicians accountable for the appropriate identification and prioritization of the required Specialty Care Referral(s) • Perform ongoing auditing and monitoring of appropriate selection and prioritization of Specialty Referrals, for both Wellpath medical and AFBH behavioral health. Report results of auditing and monitoring to the ACSO • Continue multi-disciplinary partnerships to improve care coordination: Wellpath medical, ACSO corrections, AFBH behavioral health, and Maxor pharmacy, to uniformly manage and share information across teams and systems <p>Technology:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Work closely with Wellpath Corporate IT to enhance existing CorEMR Receiving Screening form and controls, to automate/trigger meaningful tasks within CorEMR from Receiving Screening forms • Implement enhanced data integration solution(s) for bidirectional information sharing across applicable systems beyond current interfaces, between Wellpath medical (CorEMR), ACSO corrections (ATIMS), and AFBH behavioral health (Gateway)
<p>2.2. Specialty Referrals</p>	<p><u>Observation:</u> Specialty Care referrals were missing when the clinical need was identified throughout the patient’s incarceration for one of the patient files reviewed. Inconsistency in the identification of appropriate Specialty Referral needs, such as “MAT,” “HIV Provider,” throughout the patient booking increases the risk for inadequate care, inappropriate care, delayed care, and/or uncoordinated care, which could negatively impact patient outcome(s), and re-entry into the community, and result in patient injury and/or harm.</p> <p><u>Recommendation:</u></p> <p>Process:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Continue Improvement Plan implementation by requiring that Specialty referrals are appropriately identified and prioritized throughout the patient booking, to align with the CalAIM Justice-Involved Initiative • Develop and/or update clinical decision tree, including referral triage/prioritization • Continue to provide additional focused staff training and education to assure the appropriate services are provided and define individual care plans • Continue to hold Clinicians accountable for the appropriate identification and prioritization of the required Specialty Care Referral(s) • Continue to perform ongoing auditing and monitoring of appropriate selection(s) and documentation of Specialty Referrals. Report results of auditing and monitoring to the ACSO • Continue multi-disciplinary partnerships to improve care coordination: Wellpath medical, ACSO corrections, AFBH behavioral health, and Maxor pharmacy, to uniformly manage and share information across teams and systems <p>Technology:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Work closely with Wellpath Corporate IT to submit relevant change requests timely to enhance existing CorEMR automation logic for Specialty Referrals within the patient record (i.e., Medical Sick Call, Dental Sick Call, etc.) • Implement enhanced data integration solution(s) for bidirectional information sharing across applicable systems beyond current interfaces, between Wellpath medical (CorEMR), Wellpath Electronic Records Management Application for referral management (ERMA), ACSO corrections (ATIMS), and AFBH behavioral health (Gateway)

MEDICAL RECORD REVIEW: OBSERVATIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS DETAILS

2.3. Order Execution	<p><u>Observation:</u> While there continues to be improvement from the prior month, Order Execution of “COWS Score Sheet Opiate/Opioid Withdrawal,” “Synthetic Drug,” “CIWA-Ar Score Sheet Alcohol and/or Benzodiazepine Withdrawal” monitoring was inconsistently executed as ordered for some of the applicable patient files reviewed. While patient refusals were documented for some of the monitoring activities, best practice is for the clinician to observe the patient’s presentation, at the bedside or at the cell door, assess the patient’s condition and document accordingly. Documentation of “patient refused” only, is incomplete. Inability to execute an order for medically necessary care, including performing a patient assessment, can lead to inadequate care, inappropriate care, delayed care, and result in patient injury and/or harm.</p> <p><u>Recommendation:</u></p> <p>Process:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Continue Improvement Plan implementation to execute Provider treatment order(s) and/or Nursing task request(s) and document related care provided • Develop and socialize standards of practice across impacted multidisciplinary teams that clearly define priority medical isolation, hunger strike monitoring, and medically necessary orthotic footwear/devices • Provide focused staff coaching, as applicable • Hold appropriate staff accountable for the timely implementation and documentation of orders and/or tasks completed • Perform ongoing auditing and monitoring of order execution to assure adequate care delivery. Consider including in existing Provider chart review process. Report results of auditing and monitoring to ACSO • Continue multi-disciplinary partnerships to improve care coordination: Wellpath medical, ACSO corrections, AFBH behavioral health, Maxor pharmacy, and Specialists to uniformly manage and share information across teams and systems • Reassess clinical staffing plan to ensure prescriber and nursing time sufficient to meet patient care delivery needs <p>Technology:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Work closely with Wellpath Corporate IT to submit relevant change requests timely to configure CorEMR Clinical Decision Support (CDS) hard-stop alerts/tasks • Implement enhanced data integration solution(s) beyond current interfaces to integrate/populate applicable documentation (i.e., orders, evaluation forms, tasks, etc.) • Automate/trigger tasks within CorEMR from Sick Calls
2.4. Delayed Specialty Care	<p><u>Observation:</u> There continues to be improvement from the prior month as evidenced within the Medical Record Review and Results table above which shows a compliance rate at 100.0% for this observation during the July 2023 Reporting Period. The delivery of Specialty Care was consistently delivered. However, evidence of “Mental Health” referral outcomes visible within CorEMR was not consistent. Inability to provide timely and appropriate Specialty Care in accordance with policy increases the risk for inadequate care, inappropriate care, delayed care, and uncoordinated care, and results in patient injury and/or harm.</p> <p><u>Recommendation:</u></p> <p>Process:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Continue Improvement Plan implementation to require the delivery of timely Specialty Care as required by policy, in collaboration with Specialists • Consider replicating Dental triage process to prioritize treatment visits for other Specialty Care areas as applicable • Collectively develop list of justification reasons to reschedule an appointment, socialize, and implement across all disciplines • Hold Specialists accountable for inadequate care and/or delayed care • Perform ongoing auditing and monitoring of timely Specialty Care delivery and related documentation to assure appropriate services are provided. Consider including in existing Provider chart review process. Report results of auditing and monitoring to ACSO • Continue multi-disciplinary partnerships to improve care coordination: Wellpath medical, ACSO corrections, AFBH behavioral health, and Specialists to uniformly manage and share information across teams and systems • Reassess clinical staffing plan to ensure prescriber and nursing time sufficient to meet patient care delivery needs

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	<p>Technology:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Work closely with Wellpath Corporate IT to submit relevant change requests timely to configure CorEMR CDS hard-stop alerts/tasks • Implement enhanced data integration solution(s) for bidirectional information sharing across applicable systems beyond current interfaces, between Wellpath medical (CorEMR), ACSO corrections (ATIMS), and AFBH behavioral health (Gateway) • Automate/trigger tasks within CorEMR from Sick Calls
<p>2.5. Sick Call Timeliness (within 24-hours)</p>	<p><u>Observation:</u> Nursing Assessments related to patient Sick Call Requests were not consistently timely for most of the applicable patient files reviewed – patients were classified as noncompliant if half or more (>= 50%) of the nursing assessments reviewed were performed beyond the required 24-hour turnaround time, per applicable policies. Additionally, some of the patient Sick Call Requests continue to be miscategorized and not consistently named. Inability to respond timely and document the date the assessment and related care was provided, and/or inconsistent naming convention increases the risk of inadequate care, inappropriate care, delayed care, and uncoordinated care, which could negatively impact patient outcome(s) and result in patient injury and/or harm.</p> <p><u>Recommendation:</u></p> <p>Process:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Continue Improvement Plan implementation to enhance the patient Sick Call process in collaboration with the contracted vendor (GTL) • Continue to streamline Sick Call Requests to one form type and name to help mitigate the risk for delayed care or missed request • Provide additional focused staff training and education, as applicable • Hold Nursing staff accountable for the completion of Nursing Assessment responses within the required 24-hour timeframe • Perform ongoing auditing and monitoring of new documentation process for Nursing Assessments and resolutions. Report results of auditing and monitoring to ACSO • Continue multi-disciplinary partnerships to improve care coordination: Wellpath medical, ACSO corrections, AFBH behavioral health, and Maxor pharmacy, to uniformly manage and share information across teams and systems • Reassess clinical staffing plan to ensure prescriber and nursing time sufficient to meet patient care delivery needs <p>Technology:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Work closely with Wellpath Corporate IT to submit relevant change requests timely to configure CorEMR CDS hard-stop alerts/tasks • Implement enhanced data integration solution(s), including robotic process automation (RPA), beyond current interfaces, to integrate/populate patient Sick Call Request details submitted manually and scanned • Automate/trigger tasks within CorEMR from Sick Calls
<p>2.6. Delays and Appropriateness of Ongoing Medical Care</p>	<p><u>Observation:</u> While there continues to be improvement from the prior month, the delivery of ongoing medical care, such as assessment after use of force, medication order and administration, “MAT Program,” were inconsistent or delayed for some of the applicable patient files reviewed. Mazars observed delayed follow-up assessment for adverse medication reaction with tachycardia, and patient declining status with tachycardia. Additionally, Mazars observed inconsistent patient skin assessment follow-up for multiple rashes. Inability to provide appropriate and timely care in accordance with clinical practice standards, increases the risk for inadequate care, inappropriate care, delayed care, and uncoordinated care, which could negatively impact patient outcome(s) and result in patient injury and/or harm.</p> <p><u>Recommendation:</u></p> <p>Process:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Continue Improvement Plan implementation to require appropriate and timely care delivery, include the review of case studies with Clinical Team as a part of continuous improvement • Hold Clinicians accountable for the notification and delivery of medically necessary care • Perform ongoing internal auditing and monitoring of care delivery appropriateness, timeliness, care coordination, as well as Sick Call follow-up and clinical Tasks, as applicable. Consider including in existing Provider chart review process. Report results of auditing and monitoring to ACSO

MEDICAL RECORD REVIEW: OBSERVATIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS DETAILS

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reassess clinical staffing plan to ensure prescriber and nursing time sufficient to meet patient care delivery needs <p>Technology:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Work closely with Wellpath Corporate IT to submit relevant change requests timely to configure CorEMR CDS hard-stop alerts/tasks Implement enhanced data integration solution(s) beyond current interfaces, to integrate/populate applicable documentation (i.e., orders, evaluation forms, tasks, etc.) Automate/trigger tasks within CorEMR from Sick Calls
<p>2.7. Initial Health Assessment (IHA)</p>	<p><u>Observation:</u> Evidence of compliance with the requirement to initiate and/or complete the Initial Health Assessment (IHA) within 14-calendar days of a patient's intake to the facility was missing or untimely for most of the applicable patient files reviewed. Additionally, evidence of related scanned patient refusals was not consistent. Without a complete and/or timely initial medical history and physical exams, the Clinical Teams cannot establish an appropriate and individualized care plan to responsibly care for the patient, appropriately identify and assure patient health care needs are met and meet applicable policy, procedure, and standards requirements.</p> <p><u>Recommendation:</u></p> <p>Process:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reevaluate full population assessment versus individual assessment when clinically indicated (high-risk for significant health problems) requirement and update policy and procedure accordingly Continue Improvement Plan implementation to consistently perform the required IHA (Initial Health History and Physical Exam form) within the required 14-calendar days after intake timeframe, including the completion and scanning of related patient refusal forms Hold Clinical Staff accountable for the completion of IHA, applicable related patient refusals forms, to provide appropriate and timely coordinated care to patients from Book-In to Release Perform ongoing auditing and monitoring to determine compliance with applicable policy, procedure, and standards. Report results of auditing and monitoring to ACSO Reassess clinical staffing plan to ensure prescriber and nursing time sufficient to meet patient care delivery needs <p>Technology:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Work closely with Wellpath Corporate IT to submit relevant change requests timely to configure CorEMR CDS hard-stop alerts/tasks Implement enhanced data integration solution(s) beyond current interfaces, to integrate/populate applicable documentation, including patient refusal documentation within the Initial Health History and Physical Exam form itself and eliminate the current manual process
<p>2.8. Annual Health Assessment</p>	<p><u>Observation:</u> All of the applicable patient files reviewed showed no evidence of Annual Health Assessment performed by the second anniversary from Book-In date with a status of "Not Started." Additionally, related scanned patient refusal forms were inconsistent. Without a complete and/or timely Annual Health Assessment, the Clinical Teams are disadvantaged and at risk for not being able to appropriately identify and prioritize care plan interventions, ensure patient health care needs are met, or meet medical policy and procedure requirements, and applicable standards.</p> <p><u>Recommendation:</u></p> <p>Process:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Continue Improvement Plan implementation to consistently perform the required IHA (Initial Health History and Physical Exam form) within the required 14-calendar days after intake timeframe, including the completion and scanning of related patient refusal forms Hold Clinical Staff accountable for the completion of IHA, applicable related patient refusals forms, to provide appropriate and timely coordinated care to patients from Book-In to Release Perform ongoing auditing and monitoring to determine compliance with applicable policy, procedure, and standards. Report results of auditing and monitoring to ACSO <p>Technology:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Work closely with Wellpath Corporate IT to submit relevant change requests timely to configure CorEMR CDS hard-stop alerts/tasks

MEDICAL RECORD REVIEW: OBSERVATIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS DETAILS

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implement enhanced data integration solution(s) beyond current interfaces, to integrate/populate applicable documentation, including patient refusal documentation within the Initial Health History and Physical Exam form itself and eliminate the current manual process
<p>2.9. Inconsistent Emergency Response Documentation</p>	<p><u>Observation:</u> Applicable Emergency Response/Scribe Sheet documentation was inconsistent for one of the applicable patient files reviewed. Inability to consistently view the emergency details increases the risk of gaps in care. Without consistent and adequate emergency response documentation, the Clinical Teams cannot appropriately and/or efficiently ensure immediate patient health care needs are met, evidence any emergent life sustaining measures taken, and meet medical policy, procedure, and applicable standards.</p> <p><u>Recommendation:</u></p> <p>Process:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Continue Improvement Plan implementation to require consistent documentation of the emergency care that was provided is in the designated Emergency Response/Scribe Sheet Provide additional focused staff training and education as applicable Hold Nursing staff accountable for the completion of the Emergency Response/Scribe Sheet form and continue to provide appropriate and timely care Perform ongoing auditing and monitoring of required documentation of emergency encounters and intervention details. Report results of emergency response auditing and monitoring to the ACSO <p>Technology:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Work closely with Wellpath Corporate IT to submit relevant change requests timely to configure CorEMR CDS hard-stop alerts/tasks Implement enhanced data integration solution(s) beyond current interfaces and/or RPA, to integrate/populate any Emergency Response/Scribe Sheet submitted manually and scanned
<p>2.9.1. Emergency Response Medication and MAR Reconciliation</p>	<p>Not applicable to any patients in sample</p>
<p>2.10. Intake/ Admission Screening</p>	<p><u>Observation:</u> While there continues to be improvement from the prior month, some of the applicable patient files reviewed showed delayed Intake/Admission Screening documentation beyond the required 8-hours from applicable Book-In time, as well as outdated "Retired Receiving Screening" forms used. Use of screening forms excluding mental health details, including documentation referring to the AFBH clinician responsibility to perform the mental health section of the screening, use of a new form "Receiving Screening Alameda OTP without MH," or scanned AFBH "Assessment Initial Brief" document was not consistent. Without timely, up to date, and consistent Receiving Screening Assessment, the Clinical Team cannot establish an appropriate and individualized care plan to responsibly care for the patient, identify and assure patient health care needs are met and meet applicable policy, procedure, and standards requirements.</p> <p><u>Recommendation:</u></p> <p>Process:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Continue Improvement Plan implementation to consistently perform complete Receiving Screening Assessments timely and accurately, as required at Booking, with the use of checklists and updated screening form In the event a Receiving Screening is not possible, require justification documentation and the completion of an Abbreviated Receiving Screening form timely Hold Nursing staff accountable for the timely completion and accuracy of the Receiving Screening Assessment(s), and ongoing Nursing Assessment documentation Perform ongoing auditing and monitoring to determine compliance with applicable policy, procedure, and standards. Report results of auditing and monitoring to ACSO Continue multi-disciplinary partnerships to improve care coordination: Wellpath medical, ACSO corrections, and AFBH behavioral health, to uniformly manage and share information across teams and systems Reassess clinical staffing plan to ensure prescriber and nursing time sufficient to meet patient care delivery needs <p>Technology:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Work closely with Wellpath Corporate IT to submit relevant change requests timely to configure CorEMR CDS hard-stop alerts/tasks

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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implement enhanced data integration solution(s) beyond current interfaces and/or RPA, to integrate/populate applicable mental health details and applicable scanned documents and eliminate the current manual scanning process
3. Patient Monitoring	
<p>3.1. Suicide Watch Alert/IOL/Level of Care</p>	<p><u>Observation:</u> Some of the applicable patient files reviewed showed the “Suicide Watch” Alert/IOL/Level of Care were not used consistently for patients requiring constant monitoring, including patients with suicide attempt(s) and suicidal ideation. Additionally, some of the patient files were not consistent with the ATIMS IOL Alerts/Movement History. Inconsistency in the application of the “Suicide Watch” and “Suicide History” Alerts, including “IOL” monitoring with “Sobering/Safety/Restraints” or “Nursing Segregated Population Rounding Log” Flowsheets, as clinically indicated, increases the risk for inadequate care that can result in a safety incident, patient injury and/or harm. Further, the multidisciplinary teams cannot evidence compliance with policies (8.12 Inmate Observation and Direct Visual Supervision; 8.13 Safety Cells, Temporary Holding Cell, and Multipurpose Rooms; HCD-110_G02 Segregated Inmates), and applicable standards.</p> <p><u>Recommendation:</u></p> <p>Process:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Continue to define, formalize, communicate, and implement enhanced Suicide Watch/IOL/Level of Care processes across the impacted teams and follow-up to assess implementation. Update policies and procedures accordingly Clearly align defined Level of Care considerations and interventions, as applicable, for patients requiring ongoing monitoring Hold Clinicians accountable for the timely assessment and documentation of patient monitoring Perform ongoing auditing and monitoring of appropriate use of Safety Cell (Level of Care) process. Report results of auditing and monitoring to the ACSO Continue multi-disciplinary partnerships to improve care coordination: Wellpath medical, ACSO corrections, and AFBH behavioral health, to uniformly manage and share information across teams and systems <p>Technology:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Work closely with Wellpath Corporate IT to submit relevant change requests timely to configure CorEMR CDS hard-stop alerts/tasks (i.e., Automate “Suicide Watch” Alert accordingly) and create additional medically relevant Alerts within the CorEMR drop down menu to support the new processes (i.e., “Level of Care: 1-4,” “Modesty Garment,” “Therapeutic Housing Unit”) Implement enhanced data integration solution(s) for bidirectional information sharing across applicable systems beyond current interfaces, between Wellpath medical (CorEMR), ACSO corrections (ATIMS), and AFBH behavioral health (Gateway)
<p>3.2. Safety Cell/Nursing Segregated Population (Delayed or no evidence of monitoring)</p>	<p><u>Observation:</u> While there continues to be improvement from the prior month, the applicable patient files reviewed showed inconsistent use of patient monitoring Flow Sheets in conjunction with the documented alert and/or patient observation status. Delay or inconsistent initiation of patient monitoring Flow Sheets, including “Sobering/Safety/Restraints” or “Nursing Segregated Population Rounding Log” Flow Sheets, when the patient requires constant monitoring for Suicide Attempt, Suicidal Ideation, or Suicide History, increases the risk for a safety incident, including patient injury and/or harm. Further, the multidisciplinary teams cannot evidence compliance with policies (8.12 Inmate Observation and Direct Visual Supervision; 8.13 Safety Cells, Temporary Holding Cell, and Multipurpose Rooms; HCD-110_G02 Segregated Inmates), and applicable standards.</p> <p><u>Recommendation:</u></p> <p>Process:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Continue Improvement Plan implementation to require timely patient assessment and monitoring as ordered and per policy, with supporting justification documentation if unable to execute Continue to define, formalize, communicate, and implement enhanced patient observation, direct supervision, safety cell, and segregated population processes across the impacted teams and follow-up to assess implementation. Update policies and procedures accordingly Clearly align defined Level of Care considerations and interventions, as applicable, for patients requiring ongoing monitoring

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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provide additional focused staff training and education as applicable Hold Clinicians accountable for the timely assessment and documentation of patient monitoring Perform ongoing auditing and monitoring of appropriate documentation of patient monitoring, including "Sobering/Safety/Restraints" or "Nursing Segregated Population Rounding Log." Report results of auditing and monitoring to the ACSO Continue multi-disciplinary partnerships to improve care coordination: Wellpath medical, ACSO corrections, and AFBH behavioral health, to uniformly manage and share information across teams and systems Reassess clinical staffing plan to ensure prescriber and nursing time sufficient to meet patient care delivery needs <p>Technology:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Work closely with Wellpath Corporate IT to submit relevant change requests timely to configure CorEMR CDS hard-stop alerts/tasks (i.e., applicable patient monitoring Flow Sheets) Implement enhanced data integration solution(s) for bidirectional information sharing across applicable systems beyond current interfaces, between Wellpath medical (CorEMR), ACSO corrections (ATIMS), and AFBH behavioral health (Gateway)
<p>3.3. Restraints (frequency of monitoring)</p>	<p><u>Observation:</u> The applicable patient file reviewed that required "Sobering/Safety/Restraints" showed inconsistent documentation every hour as required per medical policy (HCD-110_G-01 Restraint and Seclusion). Evidence of the "Restraint Observation Log" with coordination details across disciplines is not visible. Adequate and consistent evaluation of patients requiring continued monitoring and supporting documentation, help prevent a safety incident, including patient injury and/or harm.</p> <p><u>Recommendation:</u></p> <p>Process:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Continue Improvement Plan implementation to require timely patient assessment and monitoring as ordered and per policy, with supporting justification documentation if unable to execute Continue to define, formalize, communicate, and implement enhanced patient observation, direct supervision, safety cell, and segregated population processes across the impacted teams and follow-up to assess implementation. Update policies and procedures accordingly Clearly align defined Level of Care considerations and interventions, as applicable, for patients requiring ongoing monitoring Provide additional focused staff training and education as applicable Hold Clinicians accountable for the timely assessment and documentation of patient monitoring Perform ongoing auditing and monitoring of appropriate documentation of patient monitoring, including "Sobering/Safety/Restraints" or "Nursing Segregated Population Rounding Log." Report results of auditing and monitoring to the ACSO Continue multi-disciplinary partnerships to improve care coordination: Wellpath medical, ACSO corrections, and AFBH behavioral health, to uniformly manage and share information across teams and systems Reassess clinical staffing plan to ensure prescriber and nursing time sufficient to meet patient care delivery needs <p>Technology:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Work closely with Wellpath Corporate IT to submit relevant change requests timely to configure CorEMR CDS hard-stop alerts/tasks (i.e., applicable patient monitoring Flow Sheets) Implement enhanced data integration solution(s) for bidirectional information sharing across applicable systems beyond current interfaces, between Wellpath medical (CorEMR), ACSO corrections (ATIMS), and AFBH behavioral health (Gateway)
<p>3.4. Initiation and Monitoring (IOL, S/A, and/or Event Report; Safety Cell and/or Restraint monitoring)</p>	<p><u>Observation:</u> There continues to be improvement from the prior month as evidenced within the Medical Record Review and Results table above which shows a compliance rate at 100.0% for this observation during the July 2023 Reporting Period. There was consistency in the initiation and monitoring of patients requiring constant observation. Consistency in the initiation and monitoring with corresponding reports and Alerts, as well as monitoring justification will help assure patient health care and safety needs are met and comply with</p>

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	<p>policy requirements (8.12 Inmate Observation and Direct Visual Supervision; 8.13 Safety Cells, Temporary Holding Cell, and Multipurpose Rooms) and applicable standards.</p> <p><u>Recommendation:</u></p> <p>Process:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Continue Improvement Plan implementation to assure all identified patients requiring constant monitoring in CorEMR are managed in coordination and consistent across Alerts, reports, and Flow Sheets accordingly • Continue to define, formalize, communicate, and implement enhanced patient observation, direct supervision, and safety cell processes across the impacted teams and follow-up to assess implementation. Update policies and procedures accordingly • Clearly align defined Level of Care considerations and interventions for patients requiring ongoing monitoring • Continue to provide additional focused staff training and education as applicable • Continue to perform ongoing crosswalk between reports and report inconsistencies to the ACSO • Continue multi-disciplinary partnerships to improve care coordination: Wellpath medical, ACSO corrections, and AFBH behavioral health, to uniformly manage and share information across teams and systems <p>Technology:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To eliminate clinically relevant information gaps and help mitigate human error from manual log management, work closely with Wellpath Corporate IT to submit relevant change requests timely to configure existing CorEMR modules and controls, CDS hard-stop alerts/tasks from smart reports • Implement enhanced data integration solution(s) for bidirectional information sharing across applicable systems beyond current interfaces, between Wellpath medical (CorEMR), ACSO corrections (ATIMS), and AFBH behavioral health (Gateway)
<p>3.5. Safety Cell/ Nursing Segregated Population Monitoring (CorEMR Flow Sheets)</p>	<p><u>Observation:</u> While there continues to be improvement from the prior month, some of the applicable patient files reviewed that required “Nursing Segregated Population Rounding Log” did not consistently show timely Flow Sheets. Patients requiring constant monitoring did not consistently evidence documentation every 72 hours (3 days) respectively, as required per policy (HCD-110_G02 Segregated Inmates), and applicable standards. Without adequate and consistent evaluation of patients requiring continued monitoring and supporting documentation, there is an increased risk for a safety incident, including patient injury and/or harm.</p> <p><u>Recommendation:</u></p> <p>Process:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Continue Improvement Plan implementation to require timely and adequate patient monitoring as ordered and in accordance with applicable policies, with supporting justification documentation if unable to execute • Continue to define, formalize, communicate, and implement enhanced patient observation, direct supervision, safety cell, and segregated population processes across the impacted teams and follow-up to assess implementation. Update policies and procedures accordingly • Clearly align defined Level of Care considerations and interventions, as applicable, for patients requiring ongoing monitoring • Provide additional focused staff training and education as applicable • Hold Clinicians accountable for timely assessment and documentation of patient monitoring • Perform ongoing auditing and monitoring of timely and appropriate monitoring type. Report results of auditing and monitoring to the ACSO • Continue multi-disciplinary partnerships to improve care coordination: Wellpath medical, ACSO corrections, and AFBH behavioral health, to uniformly manage and share information across teams and systems • Reassess clinical staffing plan to ensure prescriber and nursing time sufficient to meet patient care delivery needs <p>Technology:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Work closely with Wellpath Corporate IT to submit relevant change requests timely to configure CorEMR CDS hard-stop alerts/tasks (i.e., “Sobering/Safety/Restraints” and/or “Nursing Segregated Population Rounding Log”) and populate applicable manual monitoring documentation into the medical record with RPA

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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implement enhanced data integration solution(s) for bidirectional information sharing across applicable systems beyond current interfaces, between Wellpath medical (CorEMR), ACSO corrections (ATIMS), and AFBH behavioral health (Gateway)
<p>3.6. Discontinuation (d/c Safety Cell/ Nursing Segregated Population Monitoring)</p>	<p><u>Observation:</u> All the patient files reviewed that required ongoing monitoring with “Sobering/Safety/Restraints” Flowsheets did not consistently evidence Discontinuation (d/c) within CorEMR. Inability to view the AFBH behavioral health (Gateway) documentation and/or Corrections Custody/IOL Log listing all monitoring order activity, or at a minimum reference to the d/c activity, creates documentation gaps and inconsistencies. Without adequate documentation of patient monitoring details, patients are at an increased risk for a safety incident, including patient injury and/or harm.</p> <p><u>Recommendation:</u></p> <p>Process:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Continue Improvement Plan implementation to require consistent documentation of patient monitoring activities discontinuation Continue to define, formalize, communicate, and implement enhanced patient observation, direct supervision, safety cell, and segregated population processes across the impacted teams and follow-up to assess implementation. Update policies and procedures accordingly Clearly align defined Level of Care considerations and interventions, as applicable, for patients requiring ongoing monitoring Provide additional focused staff training and education as applicable Hold Clinicians accountable for sharing of relevant information Perform ongoing auditing and monitoring of appropriate discontinuation documentation. Report results of auditing and monitoring to the ACSO Continue multi-disciplinary partnerships to improve care coordination: Wellpath medical, ACSO corrections, and AFBH behavioral health, to uniformly manage and share information across teams and systems <p>Technology:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Work closely with Wellpath Corporate IT to submit relevant change requests timely to configure CorEMR CDS hard-stop alerts/tasks and/or populate applicable AFBH discontinuation documentation into the medical record with RPA Implement enhanced data integration solution(s) for bidirectional information sharing across applicable systems beyond current interfaces, between Wellpath medical (CorEMR), ACSO corrections (ATIMS), and AFBH behavioral health (Gateway)
<p>4. Documentation / Medical Record Management</p>	
<p>4.1. Translation/ Interpreter</p>	<p><u>Observation:</u> For all the applicable patient files reviewed Translation/Interpreter services were not consistently documented and utilized when patient required language services. By not adhering to the required process of providing interpreter (and translation) services to patients in need, the multidisciplinary teams cannot responsibly meet the California state law (California Senate Bill No. 223 Chapter 771) requiring meaningful access to language services for the limited English proficient (LEP) population, including interpretation utilizing qualified interpreters (i.e., certification).</p> <p><u>Recommendation:</u></p> <p>Process:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify and address current challenges preventing adequate translation and/or interpreter services and supporting documentation Update and provide onboarding and refresher training to staff regarding the interpretation and translation service resources, including the use of the contracted Language Line, and how to consistently document use of such resources within CorEMR Develop and implement a medical policy and procedure defining which clinical staff members are qualified to provide interpreter services, including relevant certification and/or new guidance from Legal Hold Clinicians accountable for the appropriate use and documentation of translation and/or interpreter services Provide additional focused staff training and education as applicable Perform ongoing auditing and monitoring of appropriate use and documentation of language services. Report results of auditing and monitoring to the ACSO
<p>4.2. Informed Consent</p>	<p><u>Observation:</u> Consent for treatment for one of the applicable patient files reviewed was incomplete. Additionally, some of the patient files reviewed showed the consent for treatment</p>

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	<p>form signed by the patient with documentation of a Developmental Disability or Autism. Without accurate supporting documentation for consent for treatment or refusal of care, the validity of these consent forms may be insufficient, putting the organizations at risk. Evidence of informed consent to medical treatment is ethically and lawfully fundamental. Patients have the right to make informed decisions regarding health care, including the right to refuse care. Refusal documentation must include evidence that the patient has been informed and understands any adverse health consequence that may occur because of refusal.</p> <p><u>Recommendation:</u></p> <p>Process:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ensure medical policy (HCD-110_G-05) was updated to include identified opportunities for process improvement, including considerations for Developmental Disability • Develop and implement suggested supporting documentation templates • Provide additional focused staff training and education as applicable • Hold Clinicians accountable for obtaining the appropriate documentation of informed consent, related patient refusal and/or supporting justification documentation if unable to obtain either • Perform ongoing auditing and monitoring of informed consent completion. Report results of auditing and monitoring to the ACSO • Continue multi-disciplinary partnerships to improve care coordination: Wellpath medical, ACSO corrections, AFBH behavioral health, and Maxor pharmacy, to uniformly manage and share information across teams and systems <p>Technology:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Work closely with Wellpath Corporate IT to submit relevant change requests timely to configure CorEMR CDS hard-stop alerts/tasks (i.e., Informed Consent form) • Implement enhanced data integration solution(s) for bidirectional information sharing across applicable systems beyond current interfaces, between Wellpath medical (CorEMR), ACSO corrections (ATIMS), AFBH behavioral health (Gateway), and Maxor pharmacy (Guardian)
<p>4.3. Inconsistent/ Inaccurate/ Incomplete/ Other Documentation</p>	<p><u>Observation:</u> While there continues to be improvement from the prior month, Mazars identified opportunities for improvement to assure consistent, accurate, and complete documentation of patient "Return from Off-Site Medical Care" for some of the applicable patient files reviewed. Without accurate and complete information in the consistent sections of the medical record to reflect the care provided the Clinical Teams cannot adequately meet the patient's access to care, transitional and continuity of care needs and increases the risk of inappropriate or delayed care delivery, which could negatively impact patient outcome(s), and result in patient injury and/or harm.</p> <p><u>Recommendation:</u></p> <p>Process:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Continue Improvement Plan implementation to improve and assure access to care, consistent, accurate, and complete transitional and continuity of care documentation • Provide additional and/or focused staff training and education, including Return from Off-Site Medical Care process requirements, emergent care documentation requirements, as well as appropriate medication administration documentation • Hold staff accountable for access, transitional and continuity of care documentation expectations, including medication administration • Perform ongoing auditing and monitoring, with a focus on access, transitional and continuity of care. Report results of auditing and monitoring to the ACSO • Continue multi-disciplinary partnerships to improve care coordination: Wellpath medical, ACSO corrections, AFBH behavioral health, and Maxor pharmacy, to uniformly manage and share information across teams and systems <p>Technology:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Work closely with Wellpath Corporate IT to submit relevant change requests timely to enhance existing CorEMR automation (i.e., allow for MAR addendums) • Implement enhanced data integration solution(s) for bidirectional information sharing across systems to help populate relevant clinical information to help mitigate human error from manual entry, between Wellpath medical (CorEMR), ACSO corrections (ATIMS), AFBH behavioral health (Gateway), and Maxor pharmacy (Guardian)
<p>4.4. Scanning: Outside Records</p>	<p><u>Observation:</u> While there continues to be improvement from the prior month, Outside Records for emergent transfer to facilities that use the Epic electronic health record system, were not scanned into CorEMR for some of the applicable patient files reviewed. Adequate</p>

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	<p>and timely receipt and scanning of relevant patient medical records will help assure adequate care, appropriate care, timely care, and coordinated care. With complete patient care, information of the care delivered in the community enables the Clinical Teams to more adequately meet the patient's access to care, transitional and continuity of care needs and positively impact patient outcomes.</p> <p><u>Recommendation:</u></p> <p>Process:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Continue Improvement Plan implementation to require follow-up with outside facilities for receipt of Outside Records • Continue to identify and address current challenges preventing timely receipt of Outside Records • Continue to perform ongoing auditing and monitoring of Outside Records receipt. Report results of auditing and monitoring to the ACSO and partner facilities • Continue multi-disciplinary partnerships to improve care coordination: Wellpath medical, ACSO corrections, AFBH behavioral health, and Maxor pharmacy, to uniformly manage and share information across teams and systems <p>Technology:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Continue to leverage contracted hospitals with/provide Epic CareLink read-only access, as applicable • Continue to explore adoption of uniform medical record with community healthcare facilities (i.e., Epic extension – Community Connect partnership) • Implement enhanced data integration solution(s), including RPA, to integrate/populate discharge information into applicable section(s) of CorEMR and eliminate the current manual process
<p>4.5. Scanning: Medication Refusal Forms</p>	<p><u>Observation:</u> Most of the applicable patient files reviewed showed inconsistency and/or missing required patient medical refusal forms. Mazars found that some of the patient files reviewed showed inconsistency in the scanning of patient medication refusals for chronic medication management, specifically missing medication refusals or scanning delays beyond 48-hours, contributing to medication inconsistencies with the MAR. Without complete and timely scanning of priority medical records, such as patient medication refusals, the Clinical Teams cannot responsibly identify a pattern of refusal and follow established refusal policy and protocol: <i>"In the case of medication refusals, in addition to a signed refusal form, documentation on the MAR will indicate the patient refused the medication....Scheduled Routine Medications: If a patient misses four doses in a seven-day period, or establishes a 'pattern of refusal', the patient is referred to the prescribing Provider. The referral is submitted after the fourth missed dose"</i> (HCD-110_G-05 Informed Consent and Right to Refuse) to manage the risk factors for medication nonadherence. Inconsistent medication management, including conflicting medication administration vs. patient refusal documentation and evidence, can lead to a medication error, such as a missed medication dose and result in patient injury, harm, and/or grievance. Additionally, without evidence of patient refusals to show that the patient was provided education and understands the risks involved with not being evaluated or treated, there is an increased risk for patient injury and/or harm, as well as organizational risk.</p> <p><u>Recommendation:</u></p> <p>Process:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Continue Improvement Plan implementation to assure medication refusal protocol described in HCD-110_G-05 Informed Consent and Right to Refuse policy is followed, including real-time communication and documentation • Identify and address current challenges preventing Nursing adherence to the patient refusal form protocol • Hold Nursing staff accountable for the required completion of patient refusal documentation, adherence to medication refusal policy and protocol, and alignment with MAR documentation, as applicable • Adequately review documentation in conjunction with related video surveillance to investigate medication administration grievances • Perform ongoing auditing and monitoring of patient refusal form completion and timely scanning, with a focus on medication refusals to assure adherence to medical refusal policy and protocol. Report results of auditing and monitoring to the ACSO

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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Continue multi-disciplinary partnerships to improve care coordination: Wellpath medical, ACSO corrections, AFBH behavioral health, and Maxor pharmacy, to uniformly manage and share information across teams and systems <p>Technology:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Work closely with Wellpath Corporate IT to submit relevant change requests timely to enhance existing CorEMR automation to populate relevant documentation within the applicable forms and/or MAR Implement enhanced data integration solution(s), including RPA, to integrate/populate required patient refusal form into applicable section of CorEMR and eliminate the current manual process
<p>4.6. Scanning: Patient Sick Call Request (within 48-hours)</p>	<p><u>Observation:</u> Patient Sick Call Requests were not consistently scanned timely within the 48-hour timeframe for some of the applicable patient files reviewed – patients were classified as noncompliant if half or more (>= 50%) of the patient requests reviewed were scanned beyond the required 48-hour turnaround time. Additionally, some Sick Call Requests continue to be miscategorized and not consistently named. Without timely scanning of patient Sick Call Requests, there is an increased risk for inadequate care or delayed care and could result in patient injury and/or harm.</p> <p><u>Recommendation:</u></p> <p>Process:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Continue Improvement Plan implementation to enhance the patient Sick call process, in collaboration with the contracted vendor (GTL), including timely scanning Socialize measurable timeframe expectations for all document scanning priority levels and hold assigned team members accountable Provide additional focused staff training and education, as applicable Hold applicable staff accountable for timely scanning to the appropriate section within CorEMR Perform ongoing auditing and monitoring to determine adherence to 48-hour timeframe compliance goal <p>Technology:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implement enhanced data integration solution(s), including RPA, to integrate/populate relevant clinical documents into applicable section(s) of CorEMR and eliminate the current manual process
<p>4.7. Scanning: Other Delays and Misses</p>	<p><u>Observation:</u> Mazars identified an opportunity for improvement to assure relevant documents are consistently scanned timely, within the 48-hour turnaround time, for some of the patient files reviewed (i.e., Clinical Services – Medical assessments, COVID-19 testing, blood pressure check, lice check, urine toxicology, wound care refusals). Without timely scanning of relevant clinical documents, including patient refusals to evidence the patient was provided education and understands the risks involved with not being treated, there is an increased risk for patient injury and/or harm, as well as organizational risk.</p> <p><u>Recommendation:</u></p> <p>Process:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Continue Improvement Plan implementation to assure timely scanning of clinically relevant documents, with specified focus areas and related milestones Continue to identify and address current challenges preventing timely scanning Continue to perform ongoing auditing and monitoring of timely scanning of relevant clinical documents. Report results of auditing and monitoring to the ACSO <p>Technology:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implement enhanced data integration solution(s), including RPA, to integrate/populate relevant clinical documents into applicable section(s) of CorEMR and eliminate the current manual process

ON-SITE CLINICAL VISIT(S): OBSERVATIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

5. Medication Services Process Review – Medication Administration, Refusal, and Documentation

Observation: During the Clinical Observation onsite visit 7/12/2023 – 7/13/2023, Mazars continued to revisit medication services with Wellpath and the ACSO. In accordance with the National Commission on Correctional Health Care (NCCHC) essential standard J-D-02, Medication Services requirements, medications are provided in a timely, safe, and sufficient manner, as well as standard J-G-05 Informed Consent and Right to Refuse requirements, Mazars reviewed medication services with a focus on updates to medication administration and refusal processes and documentation.

5.1. Evidence:

- 5.1.1. Medication administration documentation must capture all nurse administration activities, including the administration of over-the-counter medication, prescription, and controlled substances. Additionally, direct therapy observation must be captured
 - 5.1.1.1. Wellpath medication administration and documentation continues to be interrupted with manual processes, increasing the risk for medication error and patient harm
- 5.1.2. The patient's medication refusal should be based on an informed decision with the clinical consequences explained and evidence of documentation
 - 5.1.2.1. Wellpath medication refusals and documentation continues to be inconsistent with following medication refusal protocol to manage the risk factors for medication nonadherence, as outlined in medical policy (HCD-110_G-05 Informed Consent and Right to Refuse) and accreditation standard (NCCHC J-G-05):
 - 5.1.2.1.1. In the case of medication refusals, in addition to a signed refusal form, documentation on the MAR will indicate the patient refused the medication
 - 5.1.2.1.2. Scheduled Routine Medications: If a patient misses four doses in a seven-day period, or establishes a 'pattern of refusal,' the patient is referred to the prescribing Provider. The referral is submitted after the fourth missed dose

5.2. Recommendations:

- 5.2.1.1. To eliminate manual work impacted by inefficiencies and human error, continue to explore real-time medication administration with AHS-Epic partner to minimize medication errors and risk for patient harm
- 5.2.1.2. Comply with J-D-02 Medication Services standards by meeting the applicable compliance indicators:
 - 5.2.1.2.1. Medications are administered or delivered to the patient in a timely and safe manner
 - 5.2.1.2.2. Prescription medications are given only by order of a physician, dentist, or other legally authorized individual
 - 5.2.1.2.3. Policy identifies expected timeframes from ordering to administration or delivery to the patient and a backup plan if the timeframes cannot be met
 - 5.2.1.2.4. The responsible physician determines prescribing practices in the facility
 - 5.2.1.2.5. Maintain documented process for obtaining nonformulary medications in a timely manner
 - 5.2.1.2.6. Medications prescribed only when clinically indicated
 - 5.2.1.2.7. Medications are kept under the control of appropriate staff members
 - 5.2.1.2.8. Inmates entering the facility on verifiable prescription medication continue to receive the medication in a timely fashion, or justification for an alternate treatment plan is documented
 - 5.2.1.2.9. The ordering prescriber is notified of the impending expiration of an order so that the prescriber can determine whether the drug administration is to be continued or altered
- 5.2.1.3. Comply with J-G-05 Informed Consent and Right to Refuse standards by meeting the applicable compliance indicators:
 - 5.2.1.3.1. All examinations, treatments, procedures governed by informed consent practices applicable in the jurisdiction
 - 5.2.1.3.2. For procedures and medication that in the community setting would require informed consent, written documentation of informed consent is required
 - 5.2.1.3.3. Any health evaluation and treatment refusal is documented and must include the following:
 - 5.2.1.3.3.1. Description of service being refused
 - 5.2.1.3.3.2. Evidence that inmate has been informed of any adverse health consequences that may occur because of the refusal
 - 5.2.1.3.3.3. Signature of the patient
 - 5.2.1.3.3.4. Signature of a health staff witness
 - 5.2.1.3.4. If the patient does not sign the refusal form, it is to be noted on the form by a second health or custody staff witness

APPENDIX

PROJECT DETAILS

Project Scope

Assess and evidence the County and ACSO compliance with complex requirements applicable to Alameda County's Santa Rita Jail (SRJ) adult correctional facility and to evaluate quality of care provided by Wellpath. Additionally, evaluate the County's compliance with applicable laws, rules, and regulations of applicable government authorities regarding the ambulatory medical care provided to incarcerated individuals (patients) at SRJ and required by the ACSO. Project scope excludes the provision of any direct patient medical care.

METHODOLOGY

A. MEDICAL QUALITY ASSURANCE MEDICAL RECORD AUDIT

As described in Exhibit A-1 of the Master Services Agreement (MSA), Mazars conducted monthly audits of patient medical records in order to evaluate the timeliness of care, appropriateness of assessment, treatment, type of Provider and level of care, within the specified populations and areas of focus. Mazars performed the following activities:

- Evaluated the patient files for the reporting period, as applicable:
 - i. Death: Patient death/mortality
 - ii. Suicide: Patients who attempted suicide
 - iii. Hospital Transport and Admission: Patients emergently transported to a hospital for evaluation, and/or inpatient admission, and/or for an Outpatient Specialist appointment
 - iv. Grievances: Patients with medical grievances
 - v. Women's Health, OBGYN Services: Female patients under Women's Health, OBGYN care
- Tested these files against audit attributes for evaluation, including access, appropriateness, continuity, and timeliness of care delivery, and compliance with applicable standards, regulations, and medical and applicable policies
- Provided detailed observations and recommendations

For the medical quality assurance (QA) reporting period*, Mazars conducted medical record review of 15 incarcerated individual (patient) files for the specified high-risk populations and areas of highest concern. The files reviewed were limited to include the patients discussed during the weekly Multi-Disciplinary Round (MDR) meetings and patients selected from scheduled monthly reports including the suicide attempt report, the medical grievance report, the OBGYN Report, and the transportation/hospitalization report, for the specified reporting period. These files were tested against the attributes to determine compliance, as applicable. A compliance score less than 95% warrants a Corrective Action Plan (CAP). Areas at risk for non-compliance, typically requiring collaborative management and information sharing across different teams and systems, and adequacy of clinical staffing were also identified.

Mazars utilized a targeted approach to sample selection. In addition to patients reviewed in the Multi-Disciplinary Rounds meetings, some patients included in the sample appear on multiple reports. Therefore, while the sample size of 15 is not statistically significant when compared to the overall population size, the sampling methodology is designed to select specified patient populations and areas of highest concern as identified within the MSA.

Observations that overlap across multiple focus areas were considered non-compliant for the attribute that most impacted patient care delivery; the observation was noted as a "Risk for non-compliance" for all other areas.

**The "reporting period" refers to the month that patient files were selected from the specified populations and areas of focus noted above. In order to adequately evaluate timeliness of care, appropriateness of assessment, treatment, type of Provider and level of care, Mazars reviewed each patient's medical record booking from Book-In to Release. For patients that were determined to be in custody for multiple years, intake details, care provided during the current year, and release details were reviewed.*

B. MINOR AND MAJOR ERROR(S)

To memorialize any minor or major error in medical care, Mazars performed the following activities, as applicable:

- Outlined the circumstances of the error
- Proposed recommendations for corrective action
- Followed-up on corrective action implementation, as applicable

C. PATIENT DEATH(S), SUICIDE, AND ATTEMPTED SUICIDE

To review medical records for patient death(s), Mazars performed the following activities:

- Reviewed medical care provided to patient prior to death
- Reviewed documentation, as applicable, following death, including 30-Day and 120-Day death reviews (Death review meetings)

To review medical records for patient(s) who were reported as having attempted suicides, Mazars performed the following activities:

- Reviewed occurrence of suicide attempt

METHODOLOGY

- Reviewed medical care provided following suicide attempt, including suicide prevention strategies and multidisciplinary care plan (Suicide Prevention meetings)

D. HOSPITAL TRANSPORT AND ADMISSIONS

To review medical records upon patient emergent transport to a hospital for evaluation, and/or inpatient admission, and/or Outpatient Specialist appointment, Mazars performed the following activities:

- Reviewed occurrence of a patient emergently transported to a hospital for evaluation
- Reviewed occurrence when a patient is admitted to a hospital, including the circumstances leading to the inpatient admission
- Reviewed occurrence when a patient is transported to an Outpatient Specialist appointment

E. GRIEVANCE REVIEW

To evaluate patient medical grievances, Mazars performed the following activities:

- Reviewed medical grievance claims for the applicable reporting period to identify larger, systemic medical concerns underlying grievance, as applicable
- Included patients with medical grievance claims for the reporting period

F. WOMEN'S HEALTH AND OBGYN SERVICES REVIEW

To evaluate the medical care of female patients, including Women's Health Clinic and OBGYN services, Mazars performed the following activities:

- Reviewed medical records of female patients under medical care for the reporting period
- Reviewed medical records of female patients under care of OBGYN clinic in the report period
- Evaluated compliance with all relevant regulations, standards, and agreements adopted by the ACSO

G. ON-SITE CLINICAL OBSERVATION VISIT(S)

- Mazars performed clinical observation for the reporting period and provided related recommendations

H. OTHER

To perform additional review as requested or as applicable, Mazars performed the following activities:

- As needed, provided third-party medical consultation to Wellpath and ACSO on medical issues including the review of medical records, diagnoses, and treatment plans, as well as discussion with those Clinicians providing direct care
- As needed by ACSO, provided guidance and recommendations as necessary related to medical facility licensure, accreditation, treatment protocols, and general medical quality assurance and continuous quality improvement issues